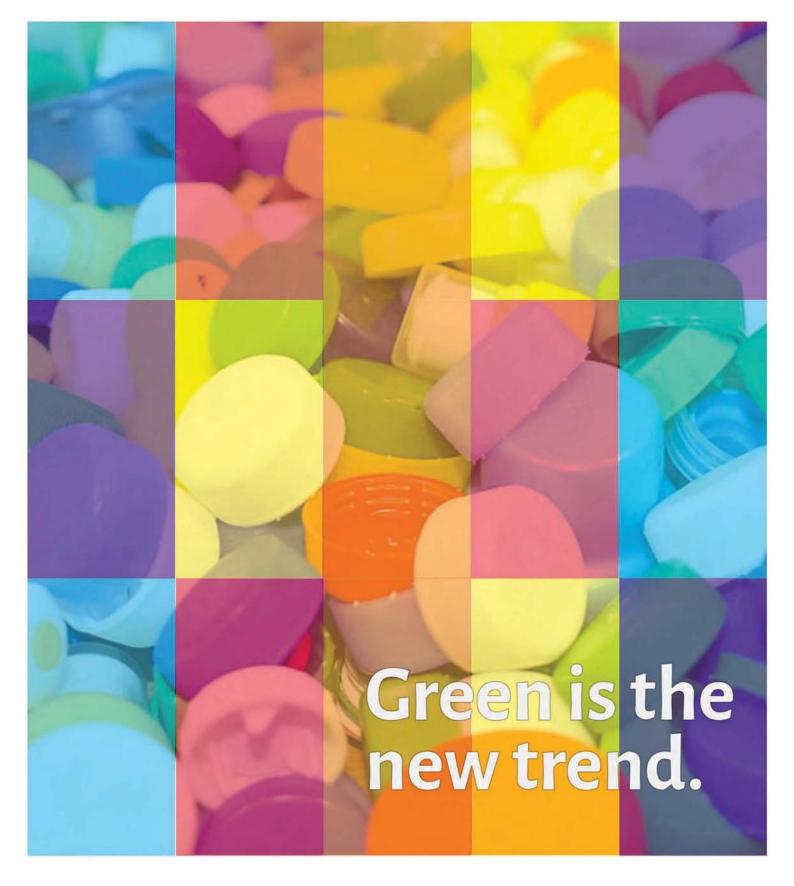


## GREENIFY

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- 1. Recycled paper produces 70% less air pollution than if it was made from raw materials;
- 2. If we recycle all newspapers, we could save over 250 mill ion trees every year;
- 3. If we throw away our aluminium cans, the can last for up to 500 years;
- 4. 190 million tires are thrown away each year;
- 5. We can recycle aluminium and glass over and over again and there is almost no limit to it;
- 6. Recycling one glass bottle saves enough energy to power a 100 watt bulb for four hours;
- 7. In the UI< are companies specialized in recycling used sex toys (Love Honey, Scarlet Girl, etc..)

Lucie Spytkova



Are your kids asking you how are the babies made? Maybe not, but what about the climate change?

Climate change refers to the long term changes in global temperatures and human activity is causing it. Worldwide temperatures are rising almost as rapidly as prices of butter in the Czech Republic. Now it is 1°C warmer than 100 years ago. The sea leve<; has rised about 6,6m in the last 20 years and scientists have estimated that in the next 200 years it will increase by another 7m. Coutries like Netherlands, northern parts of Germany, Poland and lower parts of Scandinavia will completely disappear from our maps.

Global warming is threatening plants, animals and their habitats. We can/t stop it, but we can slow it by changing the way we Iive.

Anicka Viktorinova

## **Current Worldwide Affairs** on Climate Change

Climate change is one of the major challenges of our time and the United Nations is working on fmdingways to battle it.

The United Nations Framework Convention of Climate Change (UNFCCC) was issued in 1992 and now has almost universal membership because 197 countries and regions are members.

In 1995 the Kyoto Protocol was introduced that legally binds developed country Parties (192 up to the day of issuing this magazine) to emission reduction targets.

There is also the Paris Agreement that builds upon the belief that all countries should undertake ambitious efforts to combat climate change and adapt itto its effects with enhanced support to assist developing countries to do so.

Yordan Ange/av





In the context of climate variation, anthropogenic factors like human activities affect the climate. The biggest issue with these anthropogenic factors is the increase of CO2 levels. This is mainly to emissions from fossil fuel combustion.

Other factors including land use, ozone layer destruction, animal husbandry and deforestation are also of concern in the roles that playboth separately and in conjuction with other factors.

Dimitris Tsoutslis



Human prosperity and a healthy environment should by then be anchored within an innovative, circular economy where nothing is wasted and where the full value of biodiversity is recognised and protected. Growth will be based on energy use that minimises greenhouse gas emissions (CHG) and natural resources will be used sustainably: a model forgreen global development.

## From words to actions

The 7th EAP indicates how these objectives can be achieved, i.e. through:

- -better implementation of EU environmental legislation
- -state-of-the-art science and research to improve the policy evidence base
- -wider and more prudent investment, with green incentives and environmental costs reflected in prices
- -stronger integration of environmental concerns into other policy areas.

Iana Urbanovicova



## and other environmental issues

Over the last couple of years CSOB Financial Group transformed itself into environmentally responsible and eco-friendly company. Biggest achievement in environment protection is ISO14001:2004 and 50001:2011. CSOB company lowered its power consumption bys on every branch by installing LED technologies and every branch with more than 3 employees we provided with recycle bins which are separated by company we contracted. The company passed into its internal policy a promise to protect environment. CSOB has been a proactive member of UN Global compact since 2010. At 2016 theyfmished new power efficient central which is a great example for other big companies to follow. Since 1.1.2017 CSOB became paperless company, which saved 20 trees so far.

Samuel Kukla



It has always been clear that human rights law and environmental law have an important element in common-they are both seen as challenge to, or limitation on, the traditional understanding of state sovereignty as independence and autonomy.

More and more people agree that a clean and healthy environment not only yields great benefits for human beings, but is essential to the realisation offundamental human rights.

Sahin Keskin



Environmental education (EE) refers to organized efforts to teach how natural environments function, and particularly, how human beings can manage behavior and ecosystems to live sustainably. It is a multi-disciplinary field integrating disciplines such as biology, chemistry, physics, ecology, earth science, atmospheric science, mathematics, and geography. ~

So that's why the education is one of the most important parts of keeping our planet alive.

By providing proper education and information given to the students about how the processes are really going on in the nature, we make them aware about this kind of problems so they would be interest in finding a way to solve them.

Evgeni Ranchev

